

Tecfidera

Biogen Sweden

Enterokapsel, hård 120 mg
(grön och vit, märkt "BG-12 120 mg")

Övriga medel med verkan på nervsystemet

Aktiv substans:

Dimetylfumarat

ATC-kod:

L04AX07

Läkemedel från Biogen Sweden omfattas av Läkemedelsförsäkringen.

Läkemedlet distribueras också av företag som inte omfattas av Läkemedelsförsäkringen, se Förpackningar.

Miljöpåverkan

Dimetylfumarat

Miljörisk: Användning av dimetylfumarat har bedömts medföra försumbar risk för miljöpåverkan.

Nedbrytning: Dimetylfumarat bryts ned i miljön.

Bioackumulering: Dimetylfumarat har låg potential att bioackumuleras.

Detaljerad miljöinformation

Detailed background information

Environmental Risk Classification

Predicted Environmental Concentration (PEC)

PEC is calculated according to the following formula:

$$PEC (\mu\text{g/L}) = (A \cdot 10^9 \cdot (100 - R)) / (365 \cdot P \cdot V \cdot D \cdot 100) = 1.5 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot A \cdot (100 - R)$$

$$PEC = 0.029 \mu\text{g/L}$$

Where:

A = 194.8145 kg (total sold amount API in Sweden year 2015, data from IMS Health).

R = 0 % removal rate (due to loss by adsorption to sludge particles, by volatilization, hydrolysis or biodegradation). This is considered a conservative value.

P = number of inhabitants in Sweden = $9 \cdot 10^6$

V (L/day) = volume of wastewater per capita and day = 200 (ECHA default) (Ref. 1)

D = factor for dilution of waste water by surface water flow = 10 (ECHA default) (Ref. 1)

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Ecotoxicological studies

Algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD 201) (Ref. 2):

EC50 72h (growth rate) > 1 800 µg/mL

NOEC (growth rate) = 37 µg/mL

Crustacean (Daphnia magna):

Chronic toxicity (OECD 211) (Ref. 3)

NOEC 21 days (reproduction) = 55.9 µg/mL

Fish (Pimephales promelas):

Chronic toxicity (OECD 210) (Ref. 4)

NOEC 28 days (survival) = 45.7 µg/mL

Other ecotoxicity data:

Calculation of PNEC is obtained by applying assessment factors (AF) to long-term ecotoxicity data (Ref 1):

Lowest NOEC/AF

$PNEC = 3.7 \mu\text{g/L}$

Where:

Lowest NOEC = 37 µg/mL (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*, growth inhibition test)

AF = 10 based on the availability of chronic toxicity studies for three trophic levels

Environmental risk classification (PEC/PNEC ratio)

$PEC/PNEC = 0.029/3.7 = 0.0078$, i.e. $PEC/PNEC \leq 0.1$ which justifies the phrase "Use of dimethyl fumarate has been considered to result in insignificant environmental risk."

Degradation

Biotic degradation

Ready degradability:

Test results showed > 60% degradation within five days (OECD 301) (Ref 5).

Justification of chosen degradation phrase:

Dimethyl fumarate passes the ready degradability test, hence the degradation phrase should be: "*Dimethyl fumarate is degraded in the environment.*"

Bioaccumulation

Partitioning coefficient: Log Pow = 0.74 at neutral pH (experimentally determined with unknown method) (Ref 6).

Since log Pow < 4 at pH 7, dimethyl fumarate is considered to have "low potential for bioaccumulation".

Excretion (metabolism)

In humans, dimethyl fumarate is extensively metabolised with less than 0.1% of the dose excreted as unchanged dimethyl fumarate in urine. Exhalation of CO₂ is the primary route of dimethyl fumarate elimination accounting for 60% of the dose. Renal and faecal elimination are secondary routes of

elimination, accounting for 15.5% and 0.9% of the dose respectively. Primary active metabolite is monomethyl fumarate (Ref 7.).

References

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http://guidance.echa.europa.eu/docs/guidance_document/information_requirements_en.htm
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3. Internal document: Covance Study No. 8253806. Last G. Dimethyl fumarate: Chronic effects to *Daphnia magna*. Report issued January 2012. Covance Laboratories, Harrogate, North Yorkshire, United Kingdom.
4. Internal document: Covance Study No. 8253807. Last G. Dimethyl fumarate: Fish early life stage test (*Pimephales promelas*). Report issued January 2012. Covance Laboratories, Harrogate, North Yorkshire, United Kingdom.
5. Environmental risk assessment, CTD module 1.6 of "Tecfidera"
6. Hansch C., et al. 1995, Chem ID+, US National Library of Medicine, National Institute of Health, <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov> <https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/name/dimethyl%20fumarate>
7. Tecfidera SmPC 2016-11-17, <http://www.ema.europa.eu>